MY TARGETS							
STEP 8							
All targets must be achieved to move to the next step. A child must always have a sentence structure target.							
SPAG: I can use apostrophes to mark possession (singular and plural). I can spell most words correctly from the 3/4 spelling list. I can produce legible and joined handwriting							
SENTENCE STRUCTURE	TEXT STRUCTURE	COMPOSITION AND EFFECT:					
I can add a fronted adverbial at the start of an extended sentence.	I can make some links between sentences in my paragraphs	My main ideas are sustained and developed in a logical way					
I can use a comma accurately within sentences mostly correctly (esp after fronted adverbials)	I am beginning to make my own decisions about how to organise my writing into paragraphs	I am using well-chosen and effective vocabulary. I am attempting to find better words for clarity and to appeal to the reader.					
I can use the correct verb form and tenses (with occasional errors)	My paragraphs follow a logical pattern and make sense	I am beginning to convey character using dialogue					
I can use a range of conjunctions (both coordinating and subordinating) to join two ideas	l am able to use an expanded range of pronouns to link and avoid repetition of nouns eg: (that, it, those, they)						

Key performance indicator underlined and in bold

Comments:

Conjunctions

Coordinating conjunctions: They can be used to join together two clauses in a sentence. However, the clauses need to make sense on their own. For example:

I had a terrible cold. I still went to work.

I had a terrible cold but I still went to work.

https://www.bbc.com/bitesize/articles/z9wvghv

<u>Subordinating conjunctions</u>: They are words that are used to join a subordinating clause to another clause or sentence.

He was annoyed, the train had stopped.

He was annoyed because the train had stopped.

https://www.bbc.com/bitesize/articles/zqk37p3

A range of coordinating and subordinating conjunctions could include: and, but, because, that, when, so, or, while, if, as, although, with

I can add a fronted adverbial at the start of an extended sentence

Adverbials are words/phrases that describe place, time, and manner.

Above the castle, a glorious kestrel hovered whilst it searched for its prey.

Trembling in fear, the boy crept into the room to avoid being noticed.

<u>Spelling</u>

All spelling targets car	າ be achieved through	editing and redr	rafting in line with	the DFE's definition	n of independent
work. Children are allo	owed a Year 3/4 or Year	ar 5/6 spelling m	at to support with	n this.	